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Vegetable

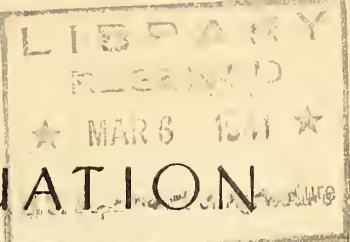
SITUATION

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

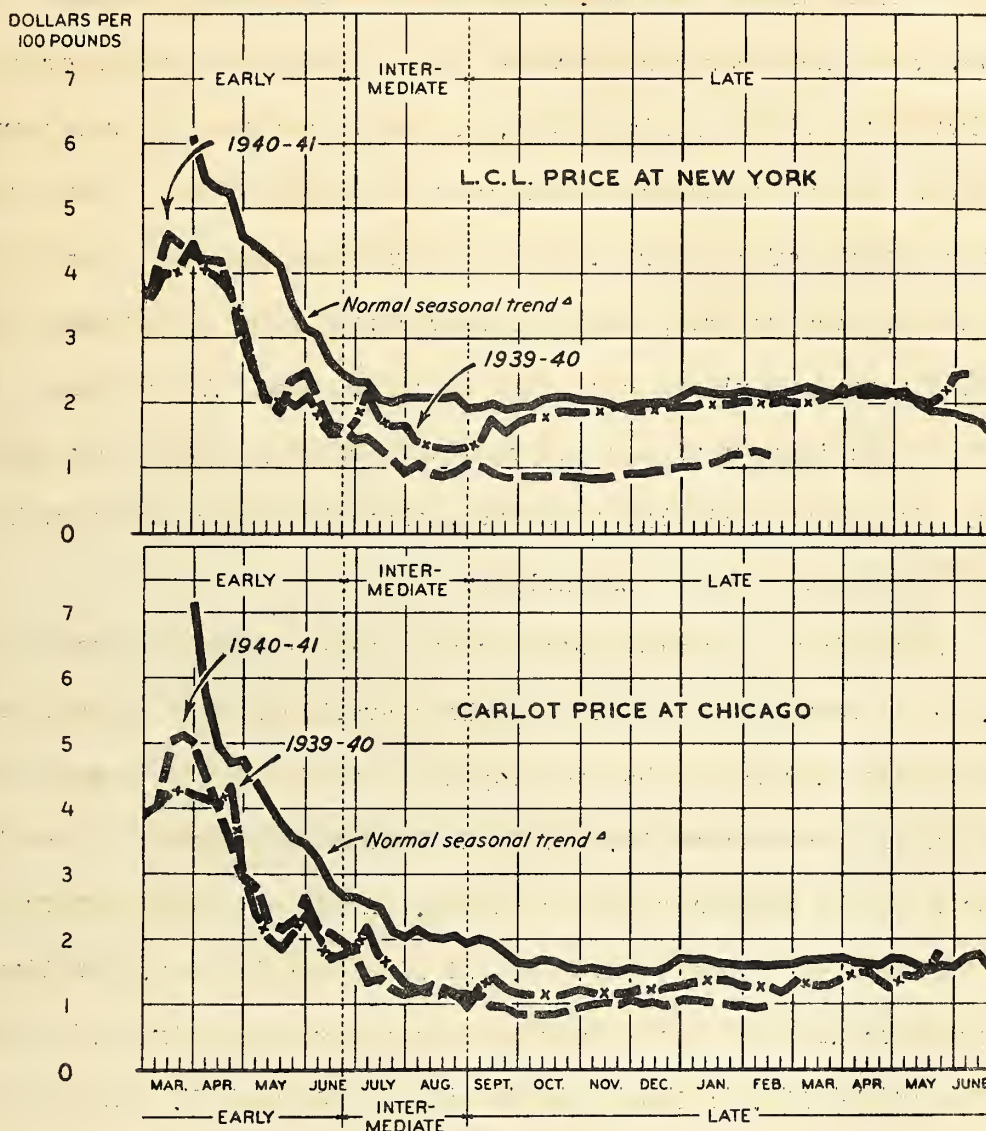
TVS-50

BAE

FEBRUARY 1941



POTATOES, U.S. NO. 1: PRICES AT NEW YORK AND CHICAGO,
NORMAL SEASONAL TREND, AND 1939 TO DATE *



* EXCLUDING IMPORTANT WESTERN VARIETIES
* ARITHMETIC MEAN OF THE SIX MIDDLE PRICES FOR EACH WEEK OF THE 10-YEAR PERIOD, 1921-30

THE VEGETABLE SITUATION

Summary

Continued heavy rains in the important winter truck-crop producing areas have reduced prospects materially and retarded marketings to such an extent that truck crop prices are holding at relatively high levels. Market prices of many crops, however, have not been as high as those of last season, when there was considerable freeze damage to growing crops. In late February prices of lima beans, cabbage, carrots, celery, cucumbers, escarole, and sweet Spanish onions were decidedly higher than a year earlier because of smaller supplies and greater consumer purchasing power. In general, growers are planting larger acreages of most truck crops this season but to date yields have been unusually low. A few weeks of favorable weather would improve yields and result in rapidly increasing market supplies. It is not unlikely, therefore, that the spring crops will be considerably larger than a year earlier.

Marketings of stored potatoes are going forward at about the usual rate. As a result of the large supplies available this season, the Surplus Marketing Administration has developed a feed diversion program which is expected to remove about 12.5 million bushels of potatoes in the Western States from the regular market channels. Also the starch diversion program in Maine has been expanded from 3.5 million bushels to 6.5 million. These two programs are set up to remove from the market supply 15.5 million bushels of the 118.6 million bushels on hand January 1. There have been some purchases of potatoes for relief distribution, and potatoes are on the "Blue Stamp" list. These actions, if carried out promptly, may be expected to result in rising potato prices.

Stocks of seasonally canned vegetables on February 1 were slightly below those of a year earlier, an indication that carry-overs into the 1941 season will be no larger than normal. Carry-over stocks of canned snap beans and sweet corn probably will be even smaller than usual. Shipments of these canned vegetables from the beginning of the season to date have been larger than in the comparable period a year earlier. Since prices are little changed, these larger shipments indicate that demand for these items has improved as a result of increasing consumer purchasing power. Prospects for the remainder of the season are for a continued heavy movement of most products.

-- February 28, 1941.

POTATOES

BACKGROUND.-- The acreage planted to potatoes in the late States in 1940 was increased slightly over that of 1939, and -- although abandonment was also slightly larger -- the acreage remaining for harvest was increased 18,000 acres or 1 percent. Because of unusually favorable growing conditions, however, an average yield of 136.3 bushels per acre was obtained in 1940 compared with 126.9 bushels in 1939. This increased yield was largely responsible for a total late crop in 1940 about 24 million bushels larger than that of 1939. It totaled 313 million bushels, and, together with an increase in the intermediate crop of nearly 3 million bushels, resulted in much larger market supplies and lower prices of potatoes during the last half of 1940 than in the corresponding period of 1939. Improvement in consumer purchasing power in the current season over that of a year earlier was not great enough to offset the depressing influence of the increased marketings on potato prices.

Although marketings of potatoes during the last half of 1940 were somewhat larger than in the comparable period of 1939, the larger total supply available resulted in increased stocks as of January 1. Stocks of 1940 crop potatoes available on January 1, 1941 totaled 119 million bushels compared with 104 million a year earlier. Supplementing these larger stocks of old crop potatoes is an increase of 600,000 bushels of new fall production; and the prospect is that the early crops, marketings of which occur from about April to July, will be larger than those of a year earlier.

Recent Developments

The acreage planted to potatoes in the first section of early States (North Florida and the Lower Valley of Texas) was increased 10 percent over that of 1939 to 24,200 acres. Growers in the second section of early States (Alabama, California, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina, and other Texas) indicate intentions to increase plantings by 5 percent, while those in the second early group (Arkansas, North Carolina, Oklahoma, and Tennessee) indicate only a slight increase. In the first section of intermediate States (Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, and Virginia) a slight decrease is indicated. Marketings from these latter groups usually begin in late June and extend into July and August.

Because of the introduction of higher yielding varieties in some of the early States in recent years, average yields per acre in these areas have been rising. It is probable, therefore, that production may be increased more this season than the acreage change would indicate. This increased production is expected to further add to the market supply of old stock already available.

In view of this supply situation, the Surplus Marketing Administration inaugurated a program for the diversion into livestock feed of a maximum of 12.5 million bushels of 1940 crop potatoes in 8 Western States. The announcement of the program was issued February 7. The program provides for payments to eligible growers of 25 cents per hundredweight for potatoes of United States No. 2 grade or better and not less than 1-1/2 inches in diameter diverted into livestock feed. Growers eligible to participate are those in designated commercial potato-producing districts of the 8 Western States who cooperated in the 1940 Agricultural Adjustment Administration potato-acreage allotment program. These States and districts comprise (1) Colorado and heavy-producing areas in western Nebraska and southeastern Wyoming; (2) heavy-producing sections of Idaho and Malheur County, Oregon; (3) Box Elder, Cache, Davis, Millard, Morgan, Piute, Utah, and Weber Counties in Utah; (4) the Klamath section, and Crook, Deschutes, and Klamath Counties in Oregon, and Modoc and Siskiyou Counties in California, and (5) Kittitas, Yakima, and Benton Counties in Washington.

This program supplements the actions already taken by the Surplus Marketing Administration through direct purchases for relief distribution, the Food Stamp Plan, and the diversion of about 6.5 million bushels of potatoes to the manufacture of starch in Maine. The starch diversion program was recently increased from 3.5 million bushels as inaugurated last September to 6.5 million. Thus a total of about 15.5 million bushels of the 119 million on hand January 1 probably will be diverted to other than normal channels of trade. If accomplished immediately this will tend to strengthen market prices of potatoes considerably during the next few months. The market supply of old crop potatoes would then be no larger than that of early 1940, and consumer purchasing power now is considerably stronger. Market prices in recent weeks have already reflected to some extent the changed supply situation, in that they have risen slightly in eastern cities.

TRUCK CROPS

Continued heavy rains during early February seriously interfered with harvesting operations in the winter vegetable areas of California, Arizona, the Lower Rio Grande Valley of Texas, and south Florida. The quality of maturing vegetables also was lowered somewhat. The wet weather upset planting operations for spring and early summer crops and may result in some curtailment of acreage. In other areas of Texas and Florida, and in the other Southern States, conditions are mostly favorable for planting of truck crops and prospects appear to be favorable.

Most of the fall-produced vegetables have been marketed. A large number of the early crops have already begun moving marketward, however, and the number and volume will increase as the season progresses. The tonnage of 12 of these crops, for which production estimates are available, is indicated to total 745,000 tons this season compared with 810,000 tons in 1940. The long spell of heavy rainfall and generally unfavorable growing weather has materially reduced the yields of these crops this season. The acreage planted has been increased 10 percent over that of 1940 but yields are down 16 percent. Practically all of the decrease in tonnage this season from that of 1940 is in early cabbage, celery, and lettuce, all of which are relatively important from a tonnage standpoint. But such early crops as beets, snap beans, carrots, peppers, peas, spinach, and tomatoes are substantially larger than a year earlier.

Despite the larger supplies of many of these crops available, unfavorable weather has prevented a regular flow to market and market prices during recent weeks have been at relatively high levels, but not as high as those of a year earlier when supplies were sharply reduced by frosts and freezes. If the weather in the producing areas improves during the latter part of February and in early March, market supplies of many of the important truck crops likely will increase substantially. Producers are attempting to plant larger acreages this season in response to the relatively high prices received last year, but the unfavorable weather during recent weeks may result in smaller increases than otherwise would occur. Unless growing conditions during the spring months improve considerably over those of recent months, it seems likely that the total output of truck crops during the first half of 1941 will be somewhat below earlier expectations, but somewhat above the relatively short crop produced a year earlier. The shortages this season are in the heavier types of vegetables such as cabbage and lettuce, whereas last season they were in the lighter types such as peppers, eggplant, tomatoes, and snap beans.

Round-up by crops

Cutting of asparagus in the Delta section of California is in progress, and marketings are expected to increase during March. In Georgia and South Carolina conditions are favorable and the harvest is expected to get started about the middle of March. Although no information is available at this time as to the size of the early crop, the acreage for harvest for both the fresh market and for manufacture is only slightly below that of 1940, when 3.2 million crates were marketed as fresh asparagus and 4.5 million were used by processors.

Considerable rain damage to early crop snap beans in Florida and Texas during February resulted in a reduced current market supply. There were some losses of acreage, but a large part will be replanted. Yields, however, are likely to be reduced somewhat. Because of the relatively high prices received for snap beans in the second section of early States and in the second early group last season, increased plantings in these areas are in prospect in 1941.

A large crop of Texas beets, 1 million bushels, is indicated for this season. Recent heavy rains, however, caused some losses of acreage of young beets and damaged to some extent the matured stock. Total shipments are expected to be about equal to those of last season.

The early cabbage crop in Florida and Texas suffered material damage from unfavorable weather conditions, and the production prospect has been reduced substantially from that indicated in January. A total early cabbage crop of 176,500 tons is now reported compared with 234,700 tons indicated in January and 268,000 tons harvested in 1940. This change in the supply situation has resulted in rapidly rising cabbage prices and much higher levels than those of a year earlier. It has improved the market prospect for second early and intermediate cabbage. The acreage in the second early States is indicated to be slightly smaller than that of a year earlier, but average yields on the reduced plantings would result in a slightly larger crop than was harvested in 1940.

The so-called covered acreage of cantaloups, honeydews, and honeyballs in California is indicated to be reduced about 19 percent this season from that planted in 1940. This marks the third successive year of reductions in plantings. The acreage planted this season is only a little over one-half of that of 1938. It is probable, therefore, that the earliest supplies of cantaloups and similar melons will be unusually small this season. The open acreage in California may be increased somewhat since producers received fairly favorable returns last season. The same is true for some of the second early States.

Production of early carrots this season is indicated to be about 18 percent larger than that of 1940, and the prospect is that the acreage in the second early and intermediate States will be increased somewhat over that of last season. Market supplies during the spring and early summer months, therefore, are likely to be plentiful.

Because of low yields in Florida and reduced plantings in California early celery production this season is smaller than in 1940, and prices have been relatively favorable to growers. Marketing of the California crop is about completed but only about two-fifths of the Florida acreage has been shipped. The acreage in the second early areas of these two States probably will be increased somewhat this season because of the relatively high prices received in 1940. The harvest of this crop usually begins about the middle of March and is likely to result in increased market supplies.

Prospects for early cucumbers in Florida and Texas are favorable, although some replanting was necessary in Florida. The acreage planted probably will be little different from that of a year earlier unless weather damage is severe.

The acreage planted to early eggplant in Florida this season is likely to be substantially larger than that of a year earlier. The acreage in 1940 was reduced materially by the freeze and a relatively small crop was produced. Supplies this spring are expected to be substantially larger than a year earlier if the weather continues favorable.

Early lettuce supplies are smaller than a year earlier in Arizona and Florida but larger in California. Because of unfavorable weather, yields this season are smaller than in 1940 but the changes in production reflect largely acreage changes. Present prospects indicate that plantings in the second early and intermediate States may be larger than those of 1940. If yields are favorable, this will result in increased supplies during the spring months.

The early onion acreage, totaling 51,650 acres, is substantially larger than in 1940 and, although the crop in Texas has suffered some rain damage in recent weeks, supplies are expected to be materially larger this spring than the relatively short supplies available in the first half of 1940. The acreage planted in the two intermediate groups of States also probably will be increased somewhat this season.

As a result of increased yields, the supply of early green peas this season is slightly larger than a year earlier. Plantings in the second early States are about completed, and it appears that the acreage will be increased somewhat over that of a year ago. Too much rain in California and cool weather in South Carolina have been unfavorable for the best development of the crop.

The winter production of green peppers in Florida is greatly in excess of the unusually small crop produced last season, when there were considerable losses from freeze damage. The spring crop is now being transplanted in Florida and the acreage probably will be little different from that of last year.

Ample supplies of early spinach are indicated to be available for immediate marketing. In the second early States plantings are making progress with the prospect that the total acreage will be little different from that of last season.

Rains caused a heavy loss of spring tomato acreage in the Lower Rio Grande Valley of Texas, and will necessitate some replanting. As a consequence, there probably will be some delay in marketings. South Florida, with a crop totaling 1,450,000 bushels, is now the principal source for domestic tomatoes. Quality is poor at present but is expected to improve with favorable weather.

CANNED VEGETABLES

Stocks of six important seasonally canned vegetables in canners' warehouses as of February 1 totaled 39.4 million cases (actual) as compared with 41.3 million a year earlier. There were larger stocks than a year earlier of green peas, tomatoes and tomato juice, but smaller stocks of fresh lima beans, snap beans, and sweet corn. Shipments to date of every

item except sweet corn and tomato juice have been larger than in the comparable period of 1939-40. The movement out of canners' warehouses this season to date totals 60.6 million cases compared with 55.6 million in the previous period. If the withdrawals during the remainder of the season continue above those of a year earlier at about the same rate as in the first part of this season, stocks of these canned vegetables generally at the beginning of the 1941 season will be no larger than normal. The carry-over of snap beans and sweet corn may be even substantially below normal. Shipments during January for nearly every item were substantially heavier than those of January 1940.

Stocks of three items (beets, and California asparagus and spinach), for which data are not available as of February 1, totaled 2.6 million cases on January 1 compared with 2.4 million a year earlier. Shipments of these items from the beginning of the season to January 1 were about the same as in the comparable period of 1939-40. Shipments of beets were larger, but those of asparagus and spinach were slightly smaller. If the January 1 stocks of these items are added to the February 1 stocks of the six important vegetables named above, a total of 42 million cases of seasonally canned vegetables is derived. This is about 1.6 million cases less than the total a year earlier, but it is indicated that shipments during the first part of the 1940-41 season were about 5 million cases larger than in the corresponding period of 1939-40. The heavy shipments during the current season, together with a favorable carry-over situation in prospect, make for a favorable demand for processing crops in 1941.

Potatoes: Acreage, yield per acre and production,
average 1930-39, annual 1939, indicated 1941

Group and State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Av.			Av.			Av.		
	1930-	1940	1941	1930-	1940	1941	1930-	1940	1941
	39			39			39		
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Bu.	Bu.	Bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.
Fall and winter 1/	10,000	13,800	13,300	104	82	131	1,037	1,138	1,742
Early (1)									
Florida, north	18,600	14,400	15,200	106	209		1,978	3,012	
Hastings	15,800	12,000	12,800	107	220		1,667	2,640	
La Crosse	2,100	1,600	1,600	112	170		235	272	
West	700	800	800	112	125		76	100	
Texas Lower Valley:	8,800	7,900	9,000	85	82		729	648	
Total	27,400	22,300	24,200	99	164		2,707	3,660	
Early (2)									
Alabama	14,900	26,700	28,600	126	110		1,908	2,937	
California	20,200	36,000	38,000	250	285		5,441	10,260	
Georgia	1,700	4,000	4,000	143	140		246	560	
Louisiana	23,800	22,000	23,000	73	68		1,741	1,496	
Mississippi	2,600	3,000	3,000	91	60		229	180	
South Carolina	12,300	14,000	14,000	148	150		1,847	2,100	
Texas, other	12,900	9,800	10,600	67	71		862	698	
Total	88,400	115,500	121,200	139	158		12,274	18,231	
Second early									
Arkansas	5,100	4,100	3,900	87	100		443	410	
North Carolina	33,600	32,400	32,400	142	150		4,786	4,860	
Oklahoma	8,300	5,000	5,000	96	105		806	525	
Tennessee	2,350	3,500	4,000	84	110		200	385	
Total	49,350	45,000	45,300	126	137		6,235	6,180	
Intermediate (1)									
Kansas	13,200	9,800	9,000	128	152		1,685	1,485	
Kaw Valley	12,600	9,600	---	124	150		1,585	1,440	
Scott County	600	200	---	158	225		100	45	
Kentucky	4,700	3,100	3,100	97	120		422	372	
Maryland	7,200	5,500	5,200	142	150		1,013	825	
Missouri	5,800	5,400	5,400	144	225		826	1,215	
Virginia	58,300	42,900	43,500	137	163		7,991	7,002	
Norfolk district :	10,400	9,500	9,500	143	200		1,493	1,900	
Eastern Shore	44,900	31,200	31,800	134	154		6,112	4,805	
Other	3,000	2,200	2,200	126	135		386	297	
Total	89,200	66,700	66,200	134	163		11,937	10,899	
Intermediate (2)	42,200	53,800	---	178	185		7,511	9,972	
All States	306,550	317,100	---	136	158		41,701	50,080	

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Fall and winter crop States supply earliest new crop movement, starting in fall preceding year shown.

Potatoes: Unweighted price per 100 pounds for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) at shipping points and terminal markets, week ended February 22, 1941 with comparisons

Location and variety	Week ended					
	1940			1941		
	Feb.	Jan.		Feb.		
	24	25	1	8	15	22
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<u>F.o.b. shipping point</u>						
Waupaca, Wisconsin	1.05	.75	.75	.75	.75	.75
Presque Isle, Maine	1.32	.69	.72	.71	.73	.72
Idaho Points, Idaho	1.14	.75	.75	.74	.78	.80
Rochester, New York	1.29	.97	.92	.95	.96	.89
Western Michigan Points	1.16	.95	.94	.90	.85	.82
Western Nebraska Points .....	.96	.86	.84	.81	.81	.86
San Luis Valley, Colorado .....	.82	.48	.48	.48	---	---
Fort Myers, Florida 1/	---	2.50	2.30	2.10	---	---
Lake Okeechobee, Florida 1/	2.86	2.16	1.96	1.80	---	---
Pompano, Florida 1/	---	---	---	2.00	2.02	2.12
<u>Warehouse cash to grower</u>						
Waupaca, Wisconsin .....	.80	.51	.51	.48	.48	.48
Presque Isle, Maine	1.16	.51	.52	.52	.53	.53
Idaho Points, Idaho .....	.76	.41	.40	.39	.44	---
Rochester, New York .....	.90	.68	.65	.62	.58	.62
<u>Terminal markets</u>						
<u>New York City</u>						
Russet Burbanks, Idaho	2.25	1.99	1.98	1.96	1.95	1.97
Green Mountains, Maine	1.96	1.18	1.23	1.22	1.22	1.22
Green Mountains, Long Island	2.03	1.08	1.23	1.25	1.25	1.23
Chippewas, Connecticut	---	.98	1.18	1.11	1.12	1.08
Chippewas, Maine	2.06	---	1.21	1.28	1.22	1.22
Excluding western stock	2.00	1.09	1.20	1.20	1.24	1.18
Bliss Triumphs, Florida 1/	3.96	3.32	3.16	2.98	2.92	2.90
<u>Chicago</u>						
Russet Burbanks, Idaho	1.92	1.55	1.51	1.48	1.56	1.57
Red McClures, Colorado	1.68	1.40	1.39	1.36	1.36	1.40
Bliss Triumphs, Nebraska	1.94	1.45	1.42	1.44	1.45	1.52
Bliss Triumphs, Minnesota and						
North Dakota 2/	1.16	1.20	1.19	1.06	1.06	1.16
Cobblers, Minnesota and North Dakota 2/	1.14	.99	.98	.98	.92	.94
Early Ohios, Minnesota and North Dakota 2/ ...	1.20	.98	.99	.91	.93	.93
Katahdin, Wisconsin	---	1.11	1.09	1.12	1.10	1.10
Excluding western stock 2/	1.18	1.00	.99	.99	.96	.97
Bliss Triumphs, Florida 1/	4.04	3.44	3.28	3.10	3.10	3.06

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ New stock, bushel price doubled.

2/ U. S. No. 1 and 85 percent.

Beans, dry edible: F.o.b. price per 100 pounds, rail,
California, 1939-41 1/

Period	Bayo	Blackeye	Cranberry	Kidney 2/	Lima (standard)
	1939 : 1940	1939 : 1940	1939 : 1940	1939 : 1940	1939 : 1940
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
Month -					
Sept.	4.81	6.38	4.64	2.96	4.21
Oct.	6.37	6.33	4.52	2.86	3.40
Nov.	6.65	6.25	4.29	2.72	3.15
Dec.	6.65	6.21	4.37	2.50	3.01
Jan.	6.65	6.15	4.70	2.51	3.22
Week ended -					
Jan. 29	6.65	6.15	4.79	2.49	3.25
Feb. 5	6.90	6.15	4.79	2.44	3.15
12	7.15	6.15	4.74	2.40	3.15
19	7.15	6.15	---	2.35	3.05
	Lima (baby)	Pink King City	Pinto	Red	White (small)
	1939 : 1940	1939 : 1940	1939 : 1940	1939 : 1940	1939 : 1940
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
Month					
Sept.	3.97	3.11	5.11	3.31	5.03
Oct.	3.44	3.00	5.00	3.06	4.04
Nov.	3.20	3.20	4.58	3.07	3.72
Dec.	3.18	3.24	4.51	2.92	3.79
Jan.	3.23	3.36	4.56	2.92	3.76
Week ended -					
Jan. 29	3.21	3.35	4.52	2.90	3.70
Feb. 5	3.18	3.32	4.50	2.90	3.60
12	3.18	3.29	4.45	2.88	3.50
19	---	3.26	---	2.88	---

Compiled as follows: September 1939 - February 1940 from Federal State Market News Service, "Bulletin No. 315"; beginning March 1940 from Bean Market Review, weekly, San Francisco.

1/ These prices are not strictly comparable with those published previously, in as much as the previous series included 10 cents for brokerage which has now been deducted.

2/ Excludes seed stock.

Beans, dry edible: Average wholesale price per 100 pounds at New York City, and f.o.b. quotations per 100 pounds at Colorado and Idaho points, 1939-41

Period:	Wholesale price New York City						F.o.b. quotations 1/					
	Marrow	Lima	Pea	Red Kidney	Colo. points	Idaho points	Pinto	Great Northern				
	(regular)											
	1939:	1940:	1939:	1940:	1939:	1940:	1939:	1940:	1939:	1940:	1939:	1940:
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
Month:												
Sept.:	5.76	4.82	6.43	5.36	4.76	3.87	5.84	4.96	4.95	3.09	3.83	2.63
Oct.:	5.02	5.15	6.35	5.22	3.84	3.85	5.32	5.55	4.18	2.75	3.28	2.64
Nov.:	4.81	5.33	6.09	5.15	3.71	3.80	4.78	7.23	3.92	2.69	3.04	2.65
Dec.:	4.63	5.79	5.97	5.15	3.77	3.65	4.86	7.36	4.04	2.71	2.90	2.58
	1940:	1941:	1940:	1941:	1940:	1941:	1940:	1941:	1940:	1941:	1940:	1941:
Jan.:	4.56	5.72	5.82	5.12	3.98	3.55	5.04	7.00	3.94	2.70	3.20	2.56
Week ended-:												
Feb.1:	4.55	5.60	5.75	5.11	4.00	3.55	4.98	6.89	3.95	2.70	3.18	2.62
8:	4.55	5.58	5.75	5.20	4.00	3.55	4.95	6.92	3.75	2.70	3.12	2.58
15:	4.55	5.52	5.75	5.25	4.00	3.53	4.95	6.95	3.65	2.70	3.10	2.58
22:	4.55	5.52	5.73	5.25	4.00	3.49	4.95	7.78	3.60	2.70	3.10	2.50

Compiled as follows: New York from Producers Price Current; f.o.b. quotations from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Prices are for Wednesday of week shown.

Sweetpotatoes: Unweighted price per bushel for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) at New York and Chicago, week ended February 22, 1941, with comparisons

Market and type	Week ended					
	1940	1941				
	Feb. 24	Jan. 25	Feb. 1	Feb. 8	Feb. 15	Feb. 22
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
New York -						
Goldens, Md. ....	.86	1.72	1.74	1.70	1.64	1.68
Jerseys, N. J.	1.08	1.77	1.82	1.83	1.82	1.82
" Va.	---	1.12	1.12	---	---	---
Puerto Ricans, N. and S. Car.	1.23	1.69	1.62	1.71	1.68	1.72
" " Va. ....	.80	1.15	1.12	1.20	---	---
All varieties	1.18	1.62	1.58	1.65	1.68	1.74
Chicago -						
Puerto Ricans, Ill.	1.98	1.66	1.81	1.84	1.78	1.76
" " La. ...	1.88	1.73	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.69
" " Tenn.	1.44	1.53	1.57	1.56	1.57	1.55
" " Tex.	---	1.76	1.74	1.72	1.72	1.77
Jerseys, Ill.	---	2.00	2.25	2.06	1.92	2.00
" Ind.	1.55	1.86	2.00	1.88	1.85	1.83
" N. J. 1/	1.52	2.34	2.37	2.36	2.35	---
Nancy Halls, Ill.	1.56	1.52	1.54	1.58	1.55	1.52
" " Tenn.	1.41	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
All varieties	1.57	1.61	1.66	1.66	1.59	1.60

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Red soil stock.

Truck crops: Commercial acreage, yield per acre and production, average
1930-39, annual 1940 and indicated 1941

Commodity	Acreage			Unit	Yield per acre			Production		
	Av.				Av.			Av.		
	1930-39	1940	1941		1930-39	1940	1941	1930-39	1940	1941
	Acres	Acres	Acres					Thou-	Thou-	Thou-
	sands	sands	sands							
Artichokes	8,480	10,600	10,400	Box	106	80	100	889	848	1,040
Asparagus, early ..	82,010	90,140	89,500	Crate	87	86	---	7,109	7,729	---
" late ..	28,090	39,550	41,320	"	101	116	---	2,834	4,592	---
Beans, snap, fall..	16,550	17,500	21,600	Bu.	99	94	119	1,642	1,638	2,561
" " early:	22,780	17,000	26,500	"	89	70	70	1,942	1,190	1,855
Beets, early	6,080	6,400	7,800	"	140	120	130	848	768	1,014
Cabbage, fall	1,640	2,830	2,620	Ton	6.5	7.0	8.4	10.6	19.9	22.1
" early ...	41,350	49,650	39,800	"	5.3	5.4	4.4	220.0	268.0	176.5
" second										
early	20,760	24,300	23,400	"	5.0	4.3	---	103.0	104.0	---
Carrots, fall	6,460	9,800	9,800	Bu.	508	484	450	3,194	4,743	4,410
" early ...	9,970	10,700	12,750	"	171	190	189	1,706	2,035	2,407
Cauliflower, fall										
and winter	9,260	8,000	8,700	Crate	264	303	288	2,444	2,426	2,507
Celery, fall and										
winter	7,710	8,850	8,420	"	179	240	230	1,367	2,124	1,937
Celery, early	6,910	8,350	8,650	"	324	375	317	2,241	3,134	2,742
Cucumbers, fall ..	1,600	1,800	1,800	Bu.	76	90	95	122	162	171
Eggplant, " ..	1,380	1,450	1,600	"	155	121	121	214	176	194
Kale, Va.	1,630	900	1,100	"	372	270	400	572	243	440
Lettuce, early ...	43,190	33,450	38,100	Crate	119	171	147	5,154	5,727	5,607
Onions, "	51,200	30,600	51,650	Sack	42	43	---	2,144	1,325	---
Peas, green, early:	11,290	17,500	17,000	Bu.	74	76	83	830	1,325	1,410
Peppers, " fall :	2,840	4,800	4,600	"	167	161	105	473	772	485
" " early:	2,550	1,500	3,000	"	274	170	200	718	255	600
Shallots, fall ...	3,000	2,700	2,400	"	97	120	108	291	324	259
" spring ..	2,550	2,000	1,900	"	116	136	116	291	272	220
Spinach, fall	2,460	2,400	3,000	"	257	250	300	674	600	900
" early ...	40,710	39,400	40,000	"	173	164	167	7,030	6,449	6,699
Tomatoes, fall ...	6,680	11,800	15,000	"	59	120	46	395	1,420	690
" early ...	13,470	5,500	14,500	"	129	170	100	1,764	935	1,450
Total above	492,700	459,470	506,910		---	---	---	---	---	---
Total excluding										
crops having no										
production esti-										
mates for 1941 ..	310,640	274,880	301,040	Ton	3.25	4.34	3.70	1,109	1,195	1,114
Fall crops mostly										
harvested	68,160	82,530	89,940	"	4.00	4.66	4.10	273	385	369
Early crops being										
harvested	242,480	192,350	211,100	"	3.45	4.21	3.53	836	810	745

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Truck crops: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) for week ended February 22, 1941 with comparisons

Commodity	Unit	Week ended					
		1940:		1941			
		Feb.:	Jan.:	Feb.			
		24 :	25 :	1 :	8 :	15 :	22
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<u>New York</u>							
Anise, Calif.	L. A. crt.	2.65	2.58	2.38	2.85	3.25	3.44
Artichokes, Calif.	Box	2.81	5.75	5.54	5.06	3.60	3.42
Asparagus, medium	Crt. - 1 doz.						
" bunches		5.78	32.50	25.00	11.00	7.05	5.95
" large	" " "	8.08	--	37.00	18.00	13.00	8.45
Beans, lima, Fla.	Bu.	4.00	3.62	4.84	5.20	4.88	4.75
" " Cuba	"	3.38	3.38	4.25	4.58	4.29	3.92
" snap, green, Fla.	"	6.44	3.12	3.42	3.62	3.90	3.68
" " wax, "	"	--	3.08	3.32	3.71	4.16	3.88
Beets, bunched, Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	1.95	1.18	1.17	1.26	1.30	1.49
" topped, nearby	Bu.	.74	--	--	.62	.60	.64
Broccoli, Ariz.	Pony crt.	3.75	3.83	3.72	3.86	3.55	3.50
" Calif.	" "	3.23	3.23	3.23	3.48	3.22	3.18
" Tex.	" "	3.13	2.78	2.82	2.56	2.22	2.44
Broccoli Rabe, Calif.	1/2 L. A. crt.	--	2.30	2.45	2.38	2.38	2.70
" " N. and S. C.	Bu. crt.	--	1.62	1.68	2.25	2.46	2.53
Brussel sprouts, Calif.	1/2 drum	2.75	2.21	2.72	2.91	3.00	3.12
Brussels (chicory) nearby	Pound	--	.40	.40	.40	.42	.35
Cabbage, Danish, N. Y.	50 pound sack	.83	.58	.58	.73	1.04	1.03
" domestic, Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	.93	1.98	1.82	1.86	1.76	1.91
" " Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	1.17	1.60	--	1.64	1.40	1.52
" " "	L. A. crt.	1.90	2.97	2.98	2.86	2.65	2.70
" savoy, Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	1.42	1.03	1.10	1.07	1.21	1.40
" " Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	1.10	1.08	.92	.85	.90	1.22
" red, Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	2.50	1.60	1.71	1.62	1.64	1.66
" " N. Y.	50 pound sack	1.54	.63	.66	.71	.91	.92
Carrots, Ariz.	L. A. crt.	2.64	3.25	3.12	3.38	3.40	3.28
" Calif.	" " "	2.74	3.10	3.02	3.31	3.56	3.44
" Tex.	" " "	--	2.49	2.31	2.79	2.79	2.74
" topped, N. Y.	Bu.	.95	.88	.73	.80	.82	.81
" " Fla.	"	.94	.55	.57	.56	.53	.58
Cauliflower, Ariz.	Pony crt.	--	1.47	1.67	1.68	1.84	--
" Calif.	" "	1.40	1.34	1.55	1.49	1.69	1.85
Celery, Pascal, Calif.	1/2 crt.	2.12	2.44	2.28	2.40	2.84	3.19
" Golden Heart, Calif.	" "	--	2.67	2.65	3.19	3.00	4.56
" " " Fla.	16 inch crt.	2.40	2.02	1.98	2.54	2.90	3.20
" " " "	Std. crt.	2.84	2.25	1.81	2.38	--	--
Celery cabbage, nearby	Lettuce crt.	--	.80	.76	.82	.81	.78
Collards, Va.	Bu.	.69	.33	.33	.32	.34	.34
Cucumbers, Cuba	"	3.31	5.17	4.50	4.50	4.50	3.58
" hothouse, Ind.	Doz.	1.12	1.39	1.40	1.52	1.42	1.34
Dandelions, S. C.	Bu.	--	1.02	1.10	1.25	1.52	1.44
" Tex.	"	--	1.04	1.21	1.39	1.34	1.50
" "	1/2 L. A. crt.	1.34	1.08	1.15	1.39	1.44	1.48

Continued-

Truck crops: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) for week ended February 22, 1941 with comparisons -Contd.

Commodity	Unit	Week ended					
		1940:		1941			
		Feb.:	Jan.:	Feb.			
		24:	25:	1:	8:	15:	22:
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
New York -Contd.							
Dill, Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	1.35	1.25	1.47	2.38	1.70	1.42
Eggplant, Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	--	2.38	2.62	2.88	2.25	1.88
" Cuba	" " "	3.96	2.92	3.12	2.94	2.29	2.09
Endive, Calif.	L. A. crt.	3.30	2.58	2.62	2.58	3.02	3.10
" Ariz.	" " "	3.28	2.79	2.58	2.30	--	3.00
Escarole, Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	1.62	2.16	2.02	2.40	2.66	3.05
Garlic, Argentina	Pound	.09	.16	.16	.16	.16	.16
Hanover Salad, Va.	Bu.	--	.44	.46	.50	.89	.90
Kale, Va.	"	.88	.32	.34	.32	.31	.34
Kohlrabi, N. and S. C.	"	--	1.03	1.00	--	1.50	1.50
Leeks, nearby	Bu.	1.48	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.28	1.12
Lettuce, iceberg, Ariz.	L. A. crt.	3.48	3.65	3.74	3.10	3.15	2.58
" " Calif.	" " "	3.45	3.67	3.73	3.08	3.12	2.52
" Big Boston, Fla.	2 doz. crt.	2.06	--	--	1.25	2.12	1.69
Mushrooms, N. Y. and Pa.	3 pound basket	.46	.50	.51	.55	.54	.54
Mustard Greens, Calif.	Pony crt.	3.44	3.48	3.00	2.82	3.25	3.28
Okra, fancy, Cuba	Crt.	7.50	--	--	5.00	3.06	3.79
" extra fancy, Cuba	"	--	3.83	4.69	4.69	4.31	--
Onions, yellow, N. Y.	50 pound sack	1.02	.88	.88	.83	.82	.82
" red, N. Y.	" " "	1.04	.93	1.00	1.01	.98	.96
" Sweet Spanish, western ..	" " "	1.20	1.72	1.73	1.65	1.60	1.72
Parsley, Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	1.12	1.13	1.09	1.33	1.31	1.32
Parsley root, Tex.	Pony crt.	--	2.04	2.21	2.30	2.08	1.85
Parsnips, Pa.	Bu.	--	.50	.50	.43	.45	.45
" nearby	1/2 bu.	--	.29	.29	.28	.25	.28
Peas, Calif.	Bu.	2.92	5.50	4.49	3.16	3.06	2.55
" Fla.	"	--	4.00	3.56	2.58	2.44	2.06
" Tex.	"	--	3.99	3.69	2.83	--	--
" Mexico	"	2.94	4.83	4.38	3.14	2.95	2.36
Peppers, green sweet, Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	6.90	3.69	4.02	4.90	4.32	3.12
" hot, Fla.	" " "	3.00	1.92	1.98	1.75	1.94	1.66
" red sweet, Fla.	" " "	5.75	2.96	3.19	3.82	3.18	3.06
" Cuba	" " "	7.25	3.25	3.29	4.75	4.02	2.69
Radishes, S. C.	Bu. crt.	--	1.88	1.88	2.06	2.56	2.12
" Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	3.62	2.29	2.44	2.05	2.17	1.69
" Fla.	16 qt. basket	--	--	.52	.61	.95	.76
Rhubarb, Calif.	20 pound box	1.25	1.24	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
" Wash.	15 " "	1.25	--	--	--	1.18	1.14
" hothouse, Mich.	5 " "	.42	.37	.35	.38	.38	.34
Rutabagas, plain, Canada	50 " sack	.62	.61	.59	.61	.62	.64
" waxed, "	" " "	.72	.71	.69	.70	.72	.74
Shallots, La.	Crt. 8 doz.	4.00	3.38	3.90	3.88	4.47	4.72
Spinach, Tex.	Bu.	1.16	1.09	1.09	1.35	1.16	1.00

Continued-

Truck crops: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) for week ended February 22, 1941 with comparisons -Contd.

Commodity	Unit	Week ended					
		1940 :		1941			
		Feb. :	Jan. :	Feb.			
		24 :	25 :	1 :	8 :	15 :	22
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<u>New York -Contd.</u>							
Squash, Hubbard, N. Y.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	1.45	1.97	1.88	1.80	1.38	2.00
" yellow, Fla.	Bu.	6.25	4.38	4.88	4.42	3.65	2.95
" white, "	"	2.62	3.00	4.88	3.94	2.97	2.44
" green, "	"	6.25	--	3.62	4.38	2.81	3.25
Tomatoes, Fla.	Lug	--	3.00	2.79	2.97	2.56	2.88
" Mexico	"	5.75	3.28	3.12	3.00	3.25	2.75
" Cuba	"	2.75	3.15	2.95	3.22	2.82	1.85
Turnips, Pa.	Bu.	.41	.54	.50	.54	.45	.54
Turnip tops, Va.	"	--	.52	.38	.32	.41	.32
<u>Chicago</u>							
Anise, Calif.	L. A. crt.	2.75	1.98	--	--	2.41	--
Artichokes, Calif.	Box	3.03	--	5.75	4.94	3.95	3.15
Beans, lima, Fla.	Bu.	5.25	4.25	--	5.50	5.25	4.19
" snap, green, Fla.	"	--	3.84	3.08	3.75	3.65	3.95
" " wax, "	"	--	4.12	--	4.17	4.25	--
Beets, bunched, Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	1.72	1.04	1.12	1.08	1.12	1.25
" topped, Ill.	Bu.	1.00	.65	.65	.64	.62	.72
Broccoli, Calif.	Pony crt.	2.81	2.62	2.91	2.90	2.76	2.70
" Ariz.	" "	--	--	--	2.95	2.96	2.92
Brussel sprouts, Calif.	1/2 drum	2.67	2.25	2.25	2.20	2.45	2.88
Cabbage, Danish, N. Y.	50 pound sack	1.06	.74	.74	.80	1.12	1.16
" domestic, Tex.	L. A. crt.	1.74	2.58	2.52	2.28	2.12	2.32
" " "	1/2 L. A. crt.	--	1.22	1.36	1.34	1.35	1.30
" " Calif.	L. A. crt.	1.73	2.73	2.68	2.47	2.42	2.46
" red Tex.	" " "	3.34	--	--	2.79	2.44	2.50
" " Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	2.12	--	2.00	1.94	1.86	1.86
" " Calif.	" " "	--	--	--	2.25	2.06	2.00
" " N. Y.	50 pound sack	--	.79	.75	.78	.89	1.00
Carrots, Ariz.	L. A. crt.	2.31	2.67	2.69	2.91	2.82	2.75
" Calif.	" " "	2.34	2.83	2.79	2.93	2.66	2.76
" Tex.	" " "	--	3.00	2.90	3.16	2.84	2.67
" bunched, Ill.	Bu.	.55	.44	.42	.41	.38	.38
Cauliflower, Calif.	Pony crt.	1.29	1.24	1.39	1.29	1.38	1.54
Celery, Golden Heart, Calif.	1/2 crt.	2.50	2.48	2.34	2.68	--	3.38
" " Fla.	16 inch crt.	2.89	2.36	2.48	2.80	3.12	3.26
" Pascal, Calif.	1/2 crt.	2.21	2.25	2.14	2.12	2.50	2.58
" Mich.	Square crt.	1.60	.52	.58	.56	.96	1.04
Celery cabbage, Mich.	Lug	--	.44	.42	.52	.52	.50
Collards, Ga.	1/2 L. A. crt.	1.66	1.22	1.17	1.18	1.00	.83
" La.	Bu.	--	.85	1.00	.91	.96	--
" Va.	"	--	.60	.60	.72	.68	.62
" Tex.	"	1.25	--	.96	1.00	1.00	.89

Continued-

Truck crops: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago, for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) for week ended February 22, 1941 with comparisons -Contd.

Commodity	Unit	Week ended					
		1940:		1941			
		Feb.:	Jan.:	Feb.			
		24	25	1	8	15	22
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<u>Chicago -Contd.</u>							
Cucumbers, Cuba	Bu.	5.62	--	--	6.25	--	5.88
" hothouse, mid-western, fancy	Dozen	1.36	1.50	1.46	1.54	1.56	1.55
Dandelions, Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	1.16	.98	.95	.92	1.00	1.18
Eggplant, Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	5.75	3.50	4.00	3.58	4.00	2.75
Endive, Calif.	L. A. crt.	3.22	2.52	2.57	2.58	2.82	2.80
Escarole, Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	1.56	2.40	2.25	2.25	--	--
" Tex.	Bu.	--	1.12	--	1.33	1.35	1.68
Garlic, Calif.	50 pound sack	4.00	9.25	9.25	8.85	8.75	8.75
Horseradish, Ill.	Bunch	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45
Kale, Va.	Bu.	--	.57	.59	.60	.60	.57
Kohlrabi, Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	--	2.00	1.58	1.47	1.50	1.75
Lettuce, iceberg, Ariz.	L. A. crt.	3.42	3.29	3.33	3.01	2.63	2.08
" " Calif.	" " "	3.41	3.27	3.36	2.86	2.50	1.98
Mushrooms, midwestern	Pound	.26	.25	.26	.25	.26	.27
Mustard greens, Ga.	Bu.	--	.84	1.00	.80	.80	.64
" " La.	"	--	--	.95	.82	.81	.84
" " Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	2.44	.50	1.23	1.04	.83	.90
Okra, Cuba	Crt.	6.50	5.25	5.75	5.55	5.92	5.83
Onions, Sweet Spanish, Colo.	50 pound sack	.80	1.38	1.29	1.29	1.38	1.40
" yellow, midwestern	" " "	.87	.74	.74	.70	.72	.69
Parsley, La.	Bu.	--	.94	.90	.93	.98	.94
" Tex.	1/2 L. A. crt.	.96	.94	1.12	1.16	1.11	1.02
Parsley root, Tex.	Pony crt.	--	2.20	2.12	1.90	1.75	1.74
Parsnips, Ill.	Bu.	1.10	.37	.37	.38	.36	.36
Peas, Calif.	"	2.77	4.84	4.01	2.84	2.78	2.38
" Mexico	"	--	4.64	4.48	2.61	2.62	2.25
Peppers, Fla.	1-1/2 bu. hamper	8.22	4.30	4.58	5.53	5.40	3.56
" Mexico	" " "	9.00	--	5.25	5.53	5.55	3.98
Radishes, Tex.	Crt.	4.06	2.18	2.68	1.94	1.65	1.66
" Ala.	"	--	--	2.13	1.82	1.46	1.75
Rhubarb, hothouse, Mich.	5 pound box	.33	.29	.24	.28	.31	.29
" Wash.	15 " "	1.40	--	--	1.42	1.25	1.25
Rutabagas, Canada	50 " sack	.65	.63	.64	.62	.63	.62
Shallots, La.	8 doz. crt.	4.81	3.28	3.78	3.58	4.35	4.12
Spinach, Tex.	Bu.	1.14	.79	.84	1.06	.92	.82
Tomatoes, Fla.	Lug	--	--	2.75	3.59	2.92	3.00
" Mexico	"	4.96	3.26	3.00	3.01	2.99	2.99
Turnips, La.	Bu.	--	1.18	1.28	1.12	.90	.92
" Mich.	"	--	.71	.71	.91	.83	.80
" Tex.	L. A. crt.	--	1.75	1.98	1.82	1.52	1.19
Turnip tops, Ga.	Bu.	--	.99	.94	.79	.83	.82

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Truck crops and potatoes: Carlot (rail and boat) shipments from
originating points in the United States for the week ended
February 22, 1941, with comparisons

Commodity	Week ended					
	1940			1941		
	Feb.	Jan.		Feb.		
	24	25		1	8	15 : 22
	Cars	Cars		Cars	Cars	Cars
Asparagus	23	---	---	---	7	22
Beans, snap and lima	2	90	49	31	23	21
Beets	7	27	9	19	21	40
Broccoli	67	47	70	72	66	89
Cabbage, old crop	90	253	201	152	102	75
" new "	458	305	259	315	440	428
Carrots, old crop	8	11	13	13	9	9
" new "	292	207	179	247	336	340
Cauliflower	251	189	277	247	226	167
Celery	423	489	432	434	462	394
Escarole	35	24	20	7	7	10
Greens, except spinach	20	67	68	60	59	70
Lettuce and romaine	962	1,300	1,042	1,259	1,645	1,252
Mixed vegetables	857	698	657	717	1,007	815
Onions	408	411	396	413	398	344
Peas	121	15	74	74	145	180
Peppers	7	12	11	6	11	7
Spinach	348	275	47	251	371	246
Sweetpotatoes	116	113	125	116	136	120
Tomatoes	6	77	109	140	91	58
Turnips and rutabagas, old crop	8	9	6	3	5	1
" " " new "	---	1	---	---	1	---
Total	4,509	4,620	4,044	4,576	5,568	4,688
Potatoes, total	4,364	3,875	4,406	4,385	4,793	3,797
Early States (1941 crop)	62	105	71	103	39	124
Late States	4,302	3,770	4,335	4,282	4,754	3,673
Total above	8,873	8,495	8,450	8,961	10,361	8,485
Relief:						
Carrots	---	---	---	1	1	---
Onions	11	---	---	---	---	---
Potatoes	---	41	7	8	13	7
Imports:						
Beans, snap and lima	6	2	4	5	3	10
Cucumbers	21	8	10	9	11	17
Eggplant	8	10	13	20	19	22
Mixed vegetables	5	1	1	1	4	1
Peas	17	22	48	26	32	3
Peppers	24	23	31	51	65	55
Potatoes	5	1	1	5	2	4
Tomatoes	202	223	252	231	275	388
Turnips and rutabagas	85	89	85	81	98	72

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Canned vegetables: Stocks February 1, 1940 and 1941, and shipments beginning of the season to February 1, 1939-40 and 1940-41

Commodity	Shipping season	Stocks, Feb. 1		Shipments beginning of season to Feb. 1	
		1940	1941	1939-40	1940-41
		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		<u>cases</u>	<u>cases</u>	<u>cases</u>	<u>cases</u>
Beans, fresh, lima ..: July 1-June 30		1,180	964	1,171	1,401
" snap, green ..: "	"	3,120	2,530	5,357	5,970
" " wax: "	"	740	432	853	1,026
Total beans, snap ..: "	"	3,860	2,962	6,210	6,996
Corn, sweet: Aug. 1-July 31		11,005	7,627	11,639	11,530
Peas, green, Alaska ..: June 1-May 31		2,102	3,157	5,917	8,025
" " sweets ..: "	"	6,606	5,988	9,127	10,837
Total peas, green ..: "	"	8,708	9,145	15,044	18,862
Tomatoes: July 1-June 30		10,145	12,098	14,435	16,117
Tomato juice: Aug. 1-July 31		6,363	6,610	7,111	5,668
Total above		41,261	39,406	55,610	60,574
Beets, Jan. 1: July 1-June 30		1,397	1,630	1,516	1,746
Asparagus, Jan. 1, :					
Calif.: Mar. 1-Feb. 28		547	801	1,753	1,534
Spinach, Jan. 1, :					
Calif.: " "		434	197	1,345	1,284
Total 3 items ...:		2,378	2,628	4,614	4,564
Grand total		43,639	42,034	60,224	65,138

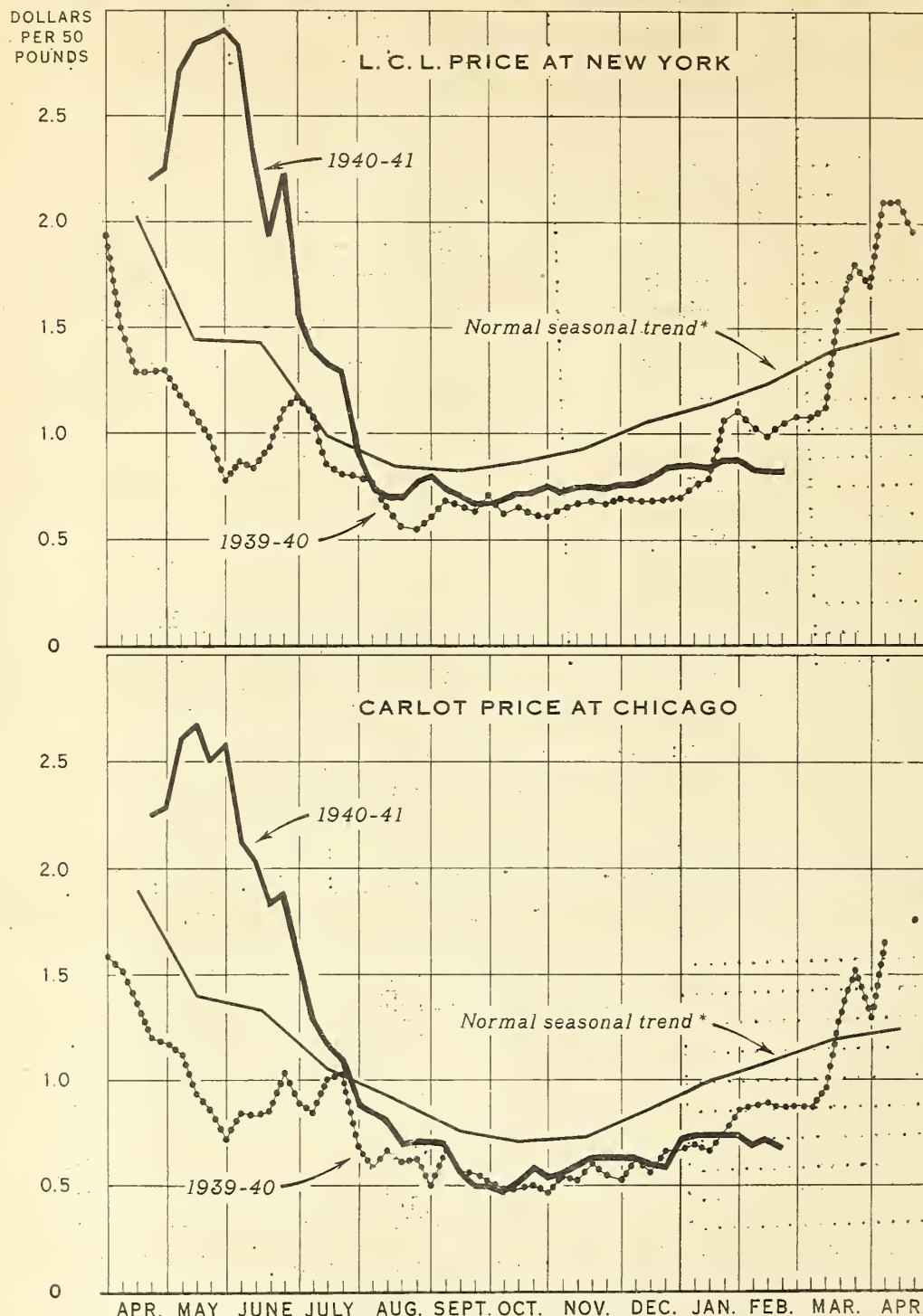
Compiled from reports of National Cannery Association.

Vegetables, frozen: Cold storage holdings, February 1, 1941, with comparisons

Commodity	1940		1941	
	Jan. 1	Feb. 1	Jan. 1	Feb. 1
	<u>1,000 lb.</u>	<u>1,000 lb.</u>	<u>1,000 lb.</u>	<u>1,000 lb.</u>
Asparagus	7,044	7,271	6,209	5,732
Beans, lima	14,666	13,650	13,065	11,584
" snap	6,567	6,303	6,537	5,820
Broccoli, green	1,767	1,721	2,160	1,969
Corn, sweet	6,676	6,667	5,692	4,936
Peas, green	21,945	19,839	28,692	26,432
Spinach	6,238	5,440	5,136	4,356
Other vegetables	2,866	3,545	6,167	5,814
Classification not reported ..	4,658	3,144	4,846	3,839
Total	72,427	67,580	78,504	70,482

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

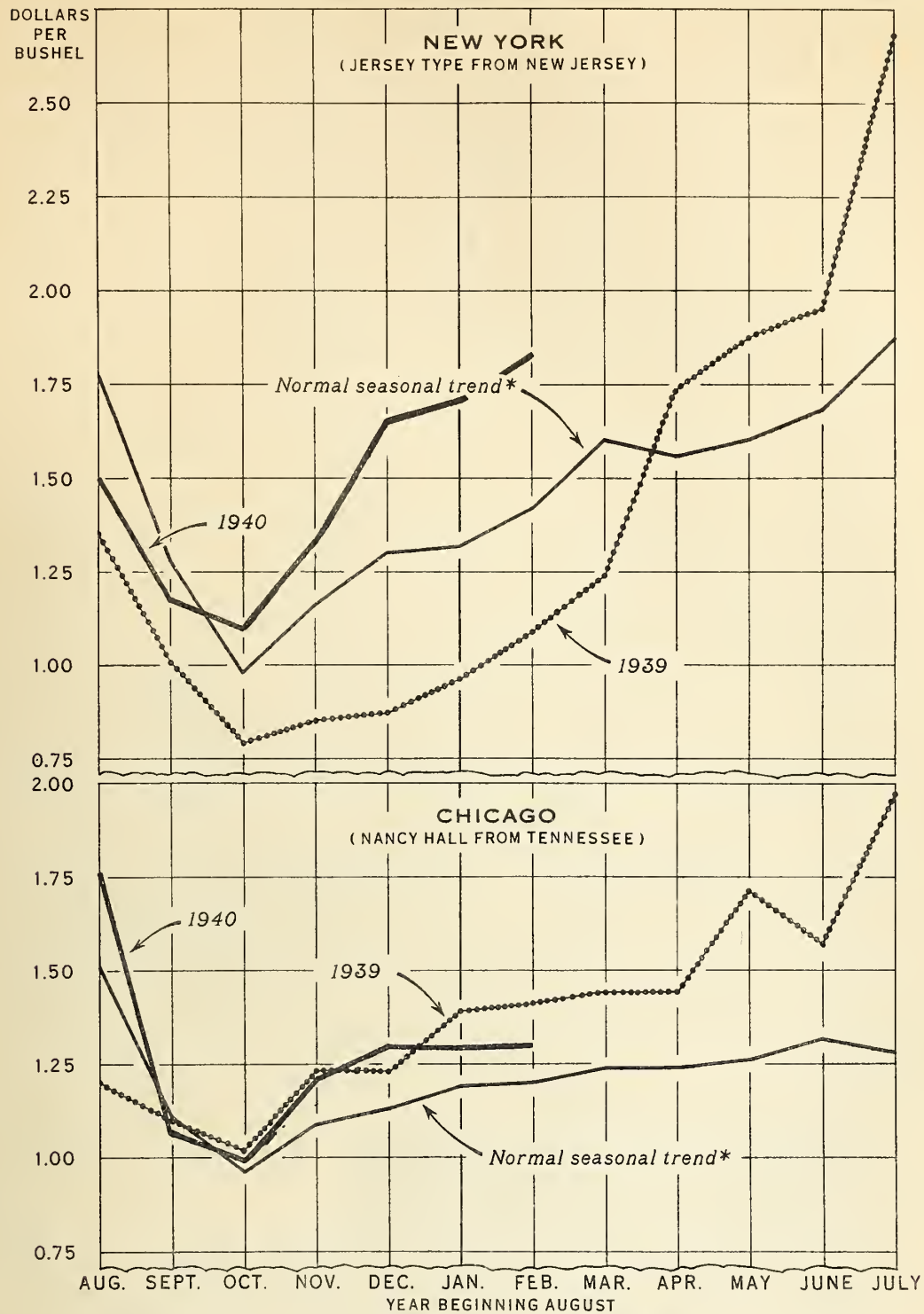
ONIONS, YELLOW VARIETIES, U. S. NO. 1: WHOLESALE PRICES AT NEW YORK
AND CHICAGO, NORMAL SEASONAL TREND, AND 1939 TO DATE



*ARITHMETIC MEAN OF THE 10 MIDDLE PRICES FOR EACH WEEK OF THE 14-YEAR PERIOD, 1926-27 TO 1939-40

FIGURE 1

**SWEETPOTATOES: UNWEIGHTED AVERAGE WHOLESALE PRICES AT
NEW YORK CITY AND CHICAGO, NORMAL SEASONAL TREND, AND 1939-40**



* ARITHMETIC AVERAGE OF THE 10 MIDDLE PRICES FOR EACH MONTH DURING THE 14-YEAR PERIOD, 1926-39

FIGURE 2

